Older people

More likely to live alone, less likely to use online communications, risk of social isolation

Young people

Disrupted education, risk of poor employment

Women

More likely to be carers, likely to lose income if provide childcare

Black Asian Minority Ethnic Groups

May be at increased exposure to infection and health risks

People with mental health problem

May be at greater risk from social isolation

People who use substances or in recovery

Risk of relapse or withdrawal

People with a disability

Affected by disrupted support services

People with reduced communication abilities

May not receive key governmental communications

Homeless

May be unable to self-isolate or affected by disrupted support services

People in criminal justice system

Difficulty of isolation in prison setting, loss of contact with family

Undocumented migrants

May have no access to or be reluctant to engage with health services

Workers on precarious contracts or self-employed

High risk of adverse effects from loss of work and no income

People on low income

Already have poorer health, more likely to be in insecure work without financial reserves

People in institution

Care homes, special needs facilities, prisons, migrant detention centres, these institutions may act as amplifiers